EIGHTY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY 2012 REGULAR SESSION **DAILY**

HOUSE CLIP SHEET

MAY 2, 2012

Senate Amendment to House Amendment to SENATE FILE 2293

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H-8512
 1 Amend
           the amendment, S-5183, to Senate File 2293,
 2 as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as
 3 follows:
      1. Page 1, after line 2 by inserting:
<___. Page 2, after line 6 by inserting:
<Sec. ___. Section 505.8, Code Supplement 2011, is
 7 amended by adding the following new subsection:
      NEW SUBSECTION. 6A. The commissioner shall
 9 establish a bureau, to be known as the "health
10 insurance and cost containment bureau", as provided in
11 section 505.20.>
        ___. Page 2, after line 15 by inserting:
12
13
      <Sec. . NEW SECTION. 505.20 Health insurance</pre>
14 and cost containment bureau ---- advisory board.
      1. a. The commissioner shall establish a
16 bureau, to be known as the "health insurance and cost
17 containment bureau", for the purpose of creating
18 methodologies to hold health carriers accountable
19 for the fair treatment of health care providers and
20 developing affordability standards for health carriers
21 that direct carriers to promote improved accessibility,
22 quality, and affordability of health care.
      b. The commissioner shall employ professional and
24 clerical staff to carry out the purposes and functions
25 of the bureau.
      c. The commissioner shall adopt rules under chapter
27 17A, in collaboration with the health insurance and
28 cost containment advisory board, to administer and
29 implement the purposes and functions of the bureau.
      2. a. A health insurance and cost containment
30
31 advisory board is created to assist the commissioner
32 in carrying out the purposes of the bureau. The
33 advisory board shall consist of seven voting members
34 and seven nonvoting members. The voting members shall
35 be appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation
36 by the senate. The governor shall designate one voting
37 member as chairperson and one as vice chairperson.
      b. The voting members of the advisory board shall
39 be appointed by the governor as follows:
      (1) Two persons who represent the interests of
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- 41 small business from nominations made to the governor 42 by nationally recognized groups that represent the 43 interests of small business.
- (2) Two persons who represent the interests of 45 consumers from nominations made to the governor 46 by nationally recognized groups that represent the 47 interests of consumers.
- 48 (3) One person who is an insurance producer 49 licensed under chapter 522B.
- (4) One person who is a health care actuary or

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1 economist with expertise in health insurance.

- (5) One person who is a health care provider.
- 3 c. The nonvoting members are as follows:
- 4 (1) The commissioner of insurance or the 5 commissioner's designee.
- 6 (2) The director of human services or the 7 director's designee.
- 8 (3) The director of public health or the director's 9 designee.
- 10 (4) Four members of the general assembly, 11 one appointed by the speaker of the house of 12 representatives, one appointed by the minority leader 13 of the house of representatives, one appointed by the 14 majority leader of the senate, and one appointed by the 15 minority leader of the senate.
- d. Meetings of the advisory board shall be held at the call of the chairperson or upon the request of at least two voting members. Four voting members shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of four voting members shall be necessary for any action taken by the advisory board.
- e. The voting members of the advisory board shall be appointed for staggered terms of three years within sixty days after the effective date of this Act and by December 15 of each year thereafter. The initial terms of the voting members of the advisory board shall be staggered at the discretion of the governor. A voting member of the board is eligible for reappointment. The governor shall fill a vacancy on the board in the same manner as the original appointment for the remainder of the term.
- f. Voting members of the advisory board may be reimbursed from the moneys collected from assessment fees for the administration of the bureau and the advisory board pursuant to subsection 7, for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, but shall not be otherwise compensated for their services.
- g. It shall be the duty of the advisory board to 40 assist the bureau in carrying out the purposes and 41 functions of the bureau by making recommendations for 42 the creation of methodologies that hold health carriers 43 in the state accountable for the fair treatment of 44 health care providers and developing affordability 45 standards for health carriers that direct such carriers 46 to promote improved accessibility, quality, and 47 affordability of health care. The advisory board shall 48 also offer input to the commissioner regarding proposed 49 rules, the operation of the bureau, and any other 50 topics relevant to administering and implementing the H-8512

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1 purposes and functions of the bureau.

- 2 3. a. Health care affordability efforts shall 3 initially focus on the primary care level of care in 4 an effort to create a stronger primary care system and 5 greater supply of more highly compensated primary care 6 providers by targeting more funding to primary care.
- b. Beginning on December 31, 2013, and each year thereafter, each health carrier shall report to the bureau, in a format and including information as required by the commissioner by rule, the carrier's proportion of medical expense paid for primary care for the previous twelve months and the proportion of medical expense to be allocated to primary care for the succeeding twelve months beginning on January 1, 2014, and each year thereafter. The proportion of medical expense paid for primary care shall increase by at least one percentage point per year for five years beginning on January 1, 2014.
- 19 c. Each health carrier shall submit a plan to
 20 the bureau each year in a format and including
 21 information as required by the commissioner by rule,
 22 that demonstrates how the increase in spending for
 23 primary care will be accomplished. The increase in
 24 spending for primary care shall be accomplished without
 25 contributing to an increase in premiums.
- 4. Each health carrier shall support the 27 implementation of the medical home system as developed 28 and implemented by the department of public health and 29 the medical home system advisory council pursuant to 30 sections 135.157, 135.158, and 135.159, by implementing 31 the phase of the medical home system pursuant to 32 section 135.159, subsection 11, that involves insurers 33 and self-insured companies in making the medical 34 home system available to individuals with private 35 health care coverage. The health insurance and cost 36 containment advisory board shall work collaboratively 37 with the medical home system advisory council to 38 implement this phase. In addition to the reimbursement 39 methodologies and incentives for participation in the 40 medical home system described in section 135.159, 41 subsection 8, the advisory board and the medical 42 home system advisory council shall review additional 43 payment and system reforms to support the expanded 44 implementation of the medical home system including but 45 not limited to all of the following:
 - a. Rewarding high-quality, low-cost providers.
- b. Creating participant incentives to receive care 48 from high-quality, low-cost providers.
- 49 c. Fostering collaboration among providers to 50 reduce cost shifting from one part of the health care H-8512

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- 1 continuum to another.
- 2 d. Creating incentives for providing health care in 3 the least restrictive, most appropriate setting.
- e. Creating incentives to promote diversity in the size, geographic location, and accessibility of practices designated as medical homes throughout the state.
- 8 5. Each health carrier shall demonstrate by
 9 December 31, 2013, implementation of incentives
 10 consistent with the efforts of the department of public
 11 health and the electronic health information advisory
 12 council and executive committee pursuant to section
 13 135.156 to promote adoption of electronic health
 14 records by health care providers at all levels of the
 15 health care continuum. Health carriers shall submit a
 16 report to the bureau by December 31, 2014, concerning
 17 the incentive programs that have been implemented in
 18 a format and including information as required by the
 19 commissioner by rule.
- 20 6. Each health carrier shall participate in efforts 21 regarding comprehensive delivery system reform, 22 including payment reform, in coordination with other 23 payers and health care providers.
- a. As an initial step to inform such efforts, 25 the bureau and advisory board shall develop a plan 26 to implement an all-payer claims database by December 27 31, 2013, to provide for the collection and analysis 28 of claims data from multiple payers of health care 29 delivered at all levels including but not limited to 30 primary care, specialist care, outpatient surgery, 31 inpatient stays, laboratory testing, and pharmacy 32 data. The plan shall provide for development and 33 implementation of a database that complies with any 34 applicable requirements of the federal Act and that 35 most effectively and efficiently provides data to 36 determine health care utilization patterns and rates; 37 identify gaps in prevention and health promotion 38 services; evaluate access to care; assist with benefit 39 design and planning; analyze statewide and local health 40 care expenditures by provider, employer, and geography; 41 inform the development of payment systems for 42 providers; and establish clinical guidelines related 43 to quality, safety, and continuity of care. The 44 bureau shall submit the plan to the general assembly 45 by December 31, 2012, including statutory changes 46 necessary to collect and use such data, a standard 47 means of collecting the data, an implementation 48 and maintenance schedule, and a proposed budget and 49 financing options for the database.
- 50 b. The bureau and advisory board shall also H-8512 -4-

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1 recommend a provider payment system plan to reform the 2 health care provider payment system beyond primary care 3 providers, including but not limited to specialty care, 4 hospital, and long-term care providers, as an effective 5 way to promote coordination of care, lower costs, and 6 improve quality.

- 7 7. a. Funding to operate the bureau and the 8 advisory board shall come from federal and private 9 grants and from assessment fees charged to health 10 carriers. The commissioner shall charge an assessment 11 fee to all health carriers in this state, as necessary 12 to support the activities and operations of the bureau 13 and the advisory board as provided under this section. 14 No state funding shall be appropriated or allocated for 15 the operation or administration of the bureau or the 16 advisory board. The assessment shall provide for the 17 sharing of bureau and advisory board expenses on an 18 equitable and proportionate basis among health carriers 19 in the state as provided in this subsection.
- b. Following the close of each calendar year, the 20 21 commissioner shall determine the expenses for operation 22 and administration of the bureau and the advisory 23 board. The expenses incurred shall be assessed by 24 the commissioner to all health carriers in proportion 25 to their respective shares of total health insurance 26 premiums or payments for subscriber contracts received 27 in Iowa during the second preceding calendar year, or 28 with paid losses in the year, coinciding with or ending 29 during the calendar year or on any other equitable 30 basis as provided by rule. In sharing expenses, 31 the commissioner may abate or defer in any part the 32 assessment of a health carrier, if, in the opinion 33 of the commissioner, payment of the assessment would 34 endanger the ability of the health carrier to fulfill 35 its contractual obligations. The commissioner may also 36 provide for an initial or interim assessment against 37 health carriers if necessary to assure the financial 38 capability of the commissioner to meet the incurred 39 or estimated operating expenses of the bureau and 40 the advisory board until the next calendar year is 41 completed.
- c. For purposes of this subsection, "total health insurance premiums" and "payments for subscriber contracts" include, without limitation, premiums or other amounts paid to or received by a health carrier for individual and group health plan care coverage provided under any chapter of the Code or Acts, and "paid losses" includes, without limitation, claims paid by a health carrier operating on a self-funded basis for individual and group health plan care coverage

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- 1 provided under any chapter of the Code or Acts. For 2 purposes of calculating and conducting the assessment, 3 the commissioner shall have the express authority 4 to require health carriers to report on an annual 5 basis each health carrier's total health insurance 6 premiums and payments for subscriber contracts and 7 paid losses. A health carrier is liable for its share 8 of the assessment calculated in accordance with this 9 subsection regardless of whether it participates in the 10 individual insurance market.
- 11 8. The commissioner shall keep an accurate 12 accounting of all activities, receipts, and 13 expenditures of the bureau and advisory board and 14 annually submit to the governor, the general assembly, 15 and the public, a report concerning such accounting.
- 9. The bureau and the advisory board shall coordinate their activities with the Iowa Medicaid enterprise of the department of human services, the department of revenue, the department of public health, and the insurance division of the department of commerce to ensure that the state fulfills the requirements of the federal Act and to ensure that in the event that a health insurance exchange is established in the state, the functions and activities of the bureau and the advisory board can be seamlessly integrated into the exchange.
- 27 10. As used in this section, unless the context 28 otherwise requires:
- 29 a. "Advisory board" means the health insurance and 30 cost containment advisory board.
- 31 b. "Bureau" means the health insurance and cost 32 containment bureau.
- 33 c. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 34 insurance.
- 35 d. "Federal Act" means the federal Patient
 36 Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No.
 37 111-148, as amended by the federal Health Care and
 38 Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No.
 39 111-152, and any amendments thereto, or regulations or
 40 quidance issued under those Acts.
- e. "Health care provider" means a physician who is 42 licensed under chapter 148, or a person who is licensed 43 as a physician assistant under chapter 148C or as an 44 advanced registered nurse practitioner.
- f. "Health carrier" means an entity subject to the insurance laws and rules of this state, or subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner, that contracts as or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care services, including an insurance company offering H-8512

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- 1 sickness and accident plans, a health maintenance 2 organization, a nonprofit hospital or health service 3 corporation, or any other entity providing a plan of 4 health insurance, health benefits, or health services.
- 5 g. (1) "Health insurance" means benefits consisting 6 of health care provided directly, through insurance 7 or reimbursement, or otherwise, and including items 8 and services paid for as health care under a hospital 9 or health service policy or certificate, hospital or 10 health service plan contract, or health maintenance 11 organization contract offered by a carrier.
- 12 (2) "Health insurance" does not include any of the 13 following:
- 14 (a) Coverage for accident-only or disability income 15 insurance.
- 16 (b) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability 17 insurance.
- 18 (c) Liability insurance, including general 19 liability insurance and automobile liability insurance.
 - (d) Workers' compensation or similar insurance.
 - (e) Automobile medical-payment insurance.
- 22 (f) Credit-only insurance.
 - (g) Coverage for on-site medical clinic care.
- 24 (h) Other similar insurance coverage, specified in 25 federal regulations, under which benefits for medical 26 care are secondary or incidental to other insurance 27 coverage or benefits.
- 28 (3) "Health insurance" does not include benefits 29 provided under a separate policy as follows:
 - (a) Limited scope dental or vision benefits.
- 31 (b) Benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, 32 home health care, or community-based care.
- 33 (c) Any other similar limited benefits as provided 34 by rule of the commissioner.
- 35 (4) "Health insurance" does not include benefits 36 offered as independent noncoordinated benefits as 37 follows:
- 38 (a) Coverage only for a specified disease or 39 illness.
- 40 (b) A hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity 41 insurance.
- 42 (5) "Health insurance" does not include Medicare
 43 supplemental health insurance as defined under section
 44 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act, coverage
 45 supplemental to the coverage provided under 10 U.S.C.
 46 ch. 55, or similar supplemental coverage provided to
 47 coverage under group health insurance coverage.
- 48 (6) "Group health insurance coverage" means health 49 insurance offered in connection with a group health 50 plan.>>

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Page
      2. Page 1, after line 4 by inserting:
      <___. Page 9, after line 5 by inserting:
 3 < Sec. ___. NEW SECTION. 513B.16 Premium rate 4 increases ---- public hearing and comment.
      1. All health insurance carriers licensed to
 6 do business in the state under this chapter shall
 7 immediately notify the commissioner and policyholders
 8 of any proposed rate increase exceeding the average
 9 annual health spending growth rate stated in the
10 most recent national health expenditure projection
11 published by the centers for Medicare and Medicaid
12 services of the United States department of health
13 and human services, at least ninety days prior to the
14 effective date of the increase. Such notice shall
15 specify the rate increase proposed that is applicable
16 to each policyholder and shall include ranking and
17 quantification of those factors that are responsible
18 for the amount of the rate increase proposed.
19 notice shall include information about how the
20 policyholder can contact the consumer advocate for
21 assistance.
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- 22 2. The commissioner shall hold a public hearing at 23 least thirty days before the proposed rate increase is 24 to take effect.
- 3. The consumer advocate shall solicit public comments on each proposed health insurance rate increase if the increase exceeds the average annual health spending growth rate as provided in subsection 1, and shall post without delay during the normal business hours of the division, all comments received on the insurance division's internet site prior to the effective date of the increase.
- 33 4. The consumer advocate shall present the public 34 testimony, if any, and public comments received, 35 for consideration by the commissioner prior to the 36 effective date of the increase.>>
- 37 3. Page 1, by striking lines 5 and 6 and inserting:
- 38 <___. Page 15, after line 14 by inserting:>
- 39 4. Page 8, by striking lines 25 and 26.
- 40 5. By renumbering as necessary.

RECEIVED FROM THE SENATE

H-8512 FILED MAY 1, 2012



Fiscal Note



Fiscal Services Division

SF 2342 – Geothermal, Solar, and Other Tax Changes (LSB 6139SV)

Analyst: Jeff Robinson (Phone: 515-281-4614) (jeff.robinson@legis.state.ia.us)

Fiscal Note Version – As passed by the Senate

Description

Senate File 2342 relates to income tax credits, a property tax exemption, and sales tax exemptions. The Bill:

- Creates an individual income tax credit for the installation of a residential geothermal heat pump. The new income tax credit is equal to 20.0% of the federal residential energy efficiency tax credit available for geothermal heat pump installations. The federal credit is equal to 30.0% of qualified geothermal heat pump installation expenditures and is set to expire December 31, 2016. The lowa tax credit will continue to be available should the federal tax credit be extended. The new State tax credit is first available in tax year 2012 and it is not refundable, but unused credits can be carried forward and utilized by the taxpayer in ten future fiscal years.
- Prevents the installation of a geothermal heat pump system from increasing the assessed value of residential property for 10 assessment years. This applies to systems installed on or after July 1, 2012, and first assessed for property tax purposes on January 1, 2013 (FY 2015).
- Creates a State individual and corporate income tax credit equal to 25.0% of a federal tax credit that is available for the installation of solar energy systems. The federal credit is equal to 30.0% of qualified solar energy system installation expenditures and is set to expire December 31, 2017. The lowa tax credit will continue to be available should the federal tax credit be extended. The annual aggregate limit for all lowa solar energy credits is \$1.5 million. The new income tax credit is first available in tax year 2012 and is not refundable, but unused credits may be carried forward and utilized by the taxpayer in 10 future fiscal years.
- Creates a sales tax exemption for auto body repair materials. The exemption is effective on enactment.
- Creates a sales tax exemption for inputs used in a car wash for a retailer providing a car wash service. The exemption is effective on enactment.

Assumptions – Geothermal

- The lowa Utilities Board estimates that 2,000 residential geothermal installations occur each year (new construction and replacement systems).
- The Department of Revenue estimates that the average cost of installation is \$17,500. An individual income tax credit based on 20.0% of the 30.0% federal credit equals a State tax credit of \$1,050, and using the redemption patterns of other nonrefundable tax credits, it is assumed the \$1,050 will be utilized as follows:
 - First tax year = 56.0%
 - Second tax year = 30.0%
 - Third tax year = 9.0%
 - Fourth tax years = 5.0%
- The Department of Revenue's lowa Real Property Appraisal Manual places an additional property value equal to \$4.00 per square foot for the installation of a geothermal heating

system in a single-family residential home. Due to construction-quality grade adjustments, the typical square foot adjustment for a geothermal heat pump home is \$4.88 per square foot

- Polk County property assessment data indicate that the median square footage of a home with a geothermal heat pump is 1,792 square feet. At \$4.88 per square foot, this equals \$8,745 in assessed value per installation.
- The residential rollback is 50.7518% for assessment year 2011 (FY 2013) and is projected to increase over the next eight years. For estimating purposes, a rollback value of 55.0000% was used.
- The FY 2012 average residential tax rate was \$35.68 per \$1,000 of taxable value and that rate was assumed for this estimate. The school aid basic levy represents \$5.40 of the \$35.58 average tax rate.
- Given the above property tax related assumptions, the average property tax reduction associated with this proposed exemption is \$172 per year for 10 years (\$1,720).

<u>Assumptions – Solar Energy Systems</u>

- The entire \$1.5 million annual aggregate tax credit amount will be awarded each tax year. Claims in excess of the annual cap will be denied.
- Using the redemption patterns of other nonrefundable tax credits, it is assumed the solar tax credits will be utilized as follows:
 - First tax year = 56.0%
 - Second tax year = 30.0%
 - Third tax year = 9.0%
 - Fourth tax years = 5.0%

<u>Assumptions – Auto Body Repair Materials</u>

- Total repair costs in lowa are estimated at \$262.9 million in the base year and 10.3% of the cost is for materials impacted by the Bill.
- Growth in taxable sales is estimated at 3.7% in FY 2012, 3.4% in FY 2013, 3.7% in FY 2014, and 4.4% in FY 2015.
- Cost mark-up for the auto body repair dealers is assumed to be 30.0% of the cost of the materials.
- All auto body repair dealers will provide a value for the materials used on the bill of sale and that amount will be subject to sales tax payable by the consumer.
- The effective date will be May 1, 2012.

Assumptions – Car Wash Sales Tax Exemption

- Based on data from the lowa Department of Revenue, taxable car wash sales between FY 2008 and FY 2010 averaged \$85.8 million per year. Of this amount, inputs are assumed to be equal to 14.4%.
- Growth in taxable sales is estimated at 3.7% in FY 2012, 3.4% in FY 2013, 3.7% in FY 2014, and 4.4% in FY 2015.
- The effective date will be May 1, 2012.

<u>Fiscal Impact – Geothermal</u>

The new individual income tax credit created in the Bill for geothermal installations is projected to reduce income taxes paid to the State by \$10.5 million over eight fiscal years. Should the federal credit be extended past 2016, the State credit will have an impact beyond FY 2020. The Bill will also have a modest negative impact (\$36,000 to \$50,000 per year) on revenue generated by the local option income surtax for schools.

The property tax exemption created in the Bill is projected to reduced property taxes owed by the impacted taxpayers by \$0.1 million in FY 2015 and that impact will grow in annual increments of approximately \$300,000 through FY 2020. Through the school aid formula, the State General Fund appropriations will replace approximately 15.1% of the property tax reduction and the remaining impact will represent reduced local government property tax revenue.

Fiscal Impacts in Millions of Dollars						
	State General	State School Aid	Local Pro	perty		
	Fund Revenue	Appropriation	Tax Reve	nue		
	Reduction	Increase	Reducti	Reduction		
FY 2013	\$ 1.2	\$ 0.0	\$	0.0		
FY 2014	1.8	0.0)	0.0		
FY 2015	2.0	0.0)	0.1		
FY 2016	2.1	0.1	L	0.4		
FY 2017	2.1	0.1	L	0.7		
FY 2018	0.9	0.2	2	1.0		
FY 2019	0.3	0.2	2	1.3		
FY 2020	0.1	0.3	3	1.6		
FY 2021	0.0	0.3	3	1.9		
FY 2022	0.0	0.4	1	2.2		
FY 2023	0.0	0.4	1	2.5		
FY 2024	0.0	0.5	5	2.8		

Fiscal Impact – Solar Energy Systems

The new State solar energy system income tax credit created in the Bill is projected to reduce net General Fund revenue by \$9.0 million over nine fiscal years. Should the federal credit be extended past 2017, the State impact will continue beyond FY 2021. The new tax credit will also have a modest negative impact (\$35,000 to \$40,000 per year) on revenue generated by the local option income surtax for schools.

State General Fund					
Revenue Reduction					
Millions of					
		Dollars			
FY 2013	\$	0.8			
FY 2014		1.3			
FY 2015		1.4			
FY 2016		1.5			
FY 2017		1.5			
FY 2018		1.5			
FY 2019		0.7			
FY 2020		0.2			
FY 2021		0.1			

Fiscal Impact - Sales Tax Exemptions

The following table provides the impact of the auto body repair materials and car wash sales tax exemptions on the State General Fund, the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) Fund, and local option sales tax (LOST) revenue.

Estimated Fiscal Impact Sales Tax Exemptions							
	T	otal State		General			
		Sales Tax		Fund		SAVE	LOST
FY 2012: Auto Repair Material	\$	65,059	\$	54,216	\$	10,843	\$ 9,434
FY 2012: Car Wash Inputs		-127,675		-106,396		-21,279	-18,513
FY 2012: Net Impact		-62,616		-52,180		-10,436	-9,079
			-		\ <u></u>		
FY 2013: Auto Repair Material	\$	403,628	\$	336,357	\$	67,271	\$ 58,526
FY 2013: Car Wash Inputs		-792,098		-660,082		-132,016	-114,854
FY 2013: Net Impact		-388,470		-323,725		-64,745	-56,328
FY 2014: Auto Repair Material	\$	418,563	\$	348,802	\$	69,760	\$ 60,692
FY 2014: Car Wash Inputs		-821,406		-684,505		-136,901	-119,104
FY 2014: Net Impact		-402,844		-335,703		-67,141	-58,412
			-		\ <u></u>		
FY 2015: Auto Repair Material	\$	436,979	\$	364,149	\$	72,830	\$ 63,362
FY 2015: Car Wash Inputs		-857,548		-714,623		-142,925	-124,344
FY 2015: Net Impact	\$	-420,569	\$	-350,474	\$	-70,095	\$ -60,982
SAVE = Secure an Advanced Vi LOST = Local Option Sales Tax	sion fo	or Education					<u>_</u>

Summary of General Fund Impact

The following table provides a summary of the General Fund impact for SF 2342 for the FY 2012 to FY 2015.

Summary of General Fund Impact for SF 2342 FY 2012 - 2015 Dollars in Millions General Fund Revenue Reduction FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 Septhermal Tax Credit N/A \$ 1.2 \$ 1.8 \$ 2.0

	FY 2012	FY.	2013	FY.	2014	FY 4	2015
Geothermal Tax Credit	N/A	\$	1.2	\$	1.8	\$	2.0
Solar Energy Systems Tax Credit	N/A		0.8		1.3		1.4
Auto Body Repair & Car Wash							
Sales Tax Exemption Net Impact	0.1		0.3		0.3		0.3
Total General Fund Impact	\$ 0.1	\$	2.3	\$	3.4	\$	3.7

Note: SF 2342 also impacts school aid appropriations, local property tax revenue, the SAVE Fund, and local option sales tax revenue. See the detail in the body of this fiscal note for more detail.

Sources

lowa Utilities Board
Department of Revenue
lowa Real Property Appraisal Manual
Polk County residential assessment statistics
Body Shop Business, State of the Industry Reports (2006, 2008, 2010-11)
lowa Collision and Repair Association
LSA analysis and calculations

/s/ Holly M. Lyons	
April 30, 2012	

The fiscal note for this bill was prepared pursuant to <u>Joint Rule 17</u>. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.



Fiscal Note



Fiscal Services Division

HF 2473 – Business Development Financial Assistance Program (LSB 5347HZ)

Analyst: Kenneth Ohms (Phone: 515-725-2200) (kenneth.ohms@legis.state.ia.us)

Fiscal Note Version – New

Requested by Representative Josh Byrnes

Description

<u>House File 2473</u> adds a direct financial assistance component to the High Quality Jobs Program and makes other changes related to the sunset of the Economic Development Fund (formerly the Grow lowa Values Fund). The Bill also repeals the Film, Television, and Video Project Promotion tax credit.

Background

<u>House File 648</u> (FY 2012 Infrastructure Appropriations Act) repealed the Economic Development Fund effective June 30, 2012, and required the lowa Economic Development Authority (EDA) to propose to the General Assembly a new business development financial assistance program and any changes in law necessary to implement the repeal of the subchapter. The EDA submitted **HSB 591** to fulfill this requirement.

The historical expenditures and current year budget estimate for administration of the Economic Development Fund is outlined in the table below.

	Actual FY 2010	Actual FY 2011	Estimated FY 2012
Expenditures	\$ 1,552,025	\$ 1,319,706	\$ 1,617,676
FTE Positions	15.1	13.3	17.3

Additionally, the EDA has expended money associated with National Marketing (\$2.3 million), Laborshed Studies (\$145,000), and Information Technology/Technical Assistance (\$350,000).

<u>Assumptions</u>

The following assumptions were used in the preparation of this memo:

- The amount appropriated for this Program will vary each fiscal year.
- The costs outlined above will remain constant.
- Depending on the amount appropriated, the EDA will adjust its budget accordingly.
- Withholding Tax Payment Diversion is capped at \$10.0 million.
- In FY 2012, the EDA signed agreements for 566 created and retained jobs, and awarded projects to date that would create or retain a total of 2,341 jobs in the High Quality Jobs Program and the Enterprise Zone Program. These jobs have an average salary of \$42,000. Additionally, the EDA has 4 projects that have a total of 353 created and retained jobs still awaiting contract. These jobs have an average salary of \$34,000.
- The EDA will annually contract for 4,500 created or retained jobs. These jobs will have an average salary of \$33,000.
- All the jobs outlined will be created or retained in 1/3 increments over three years, with a total withholding timeline of five years.

• The EDA will reach the aggregate tax credit cap in Iowa Code section <u>15.119</u> with or without the Film, Television, and Video Project Promotion tax credit.

Fiscal Impact

The Department of Revenue calculates that the impact of the Bill will be a withholding tax diversion of General Fund revenue of \$1.7 million in FY 2013, \$2.6 million in FY 2014, \$3.7 million in FY 2015, and \$4.8 million in FY 2016. The diverted funds will be deposited to a newly created fund and will be used for project completion assistance, incentives, and other assistance administered by the EDA. However, these estimates are based on the awards made in FY 2010, when the High Quality Jobs Program only included tax credits for awards, and not direct funding capabilities added in this Bill. Additionally, there was no accounting for jobs being created or retained incrementally.

House File 2473 will have a maximum annual General Fund impact of diverting \$10.0 million in withholding tax revenue to the EDA. Using the assumptions outlined above, the impact will be a diversion of General Fund revenue in the following manner:

Estimated Diversion to IEDA (in millions)							
FY 2013	\$	2.4					
FY 2014		5.9					
FY 2015 & beyond		10.0					

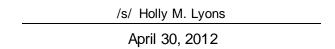
These diversions will be impacted on the rate that a company creates or retains its obligated jobs, and if a job is initially created but later lost, the diverted withholdings would be impacted.

The EDA will continue to have the same administration costs of running a direct funding financial assistance program as outlined above.

Since the Film, Television, and Video Project Promotion tax credits are currently suspended, no fiscal impact is anticipated.

Sources

Department of Revenue lowa Economic Development Authority LSA Analysis & Calculations



The fiscal note for this bill was prepared pursuant to <u>Joint Rule 17</u>. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.